

MY NASA DATA:

Solar Cell Energy Availability
from
around the Country



What are solar cells?



Let's get Thinking

If you wanted to live in an area where you could wear a jacket year round, how would you identify these areas?

One of the best ways would be to use satellite data. If you had to use a solar powered RV to travel, you would have to find areas in the country with enough solar radiation to support the vehicle. This can also be done using satellite data.

The Problem

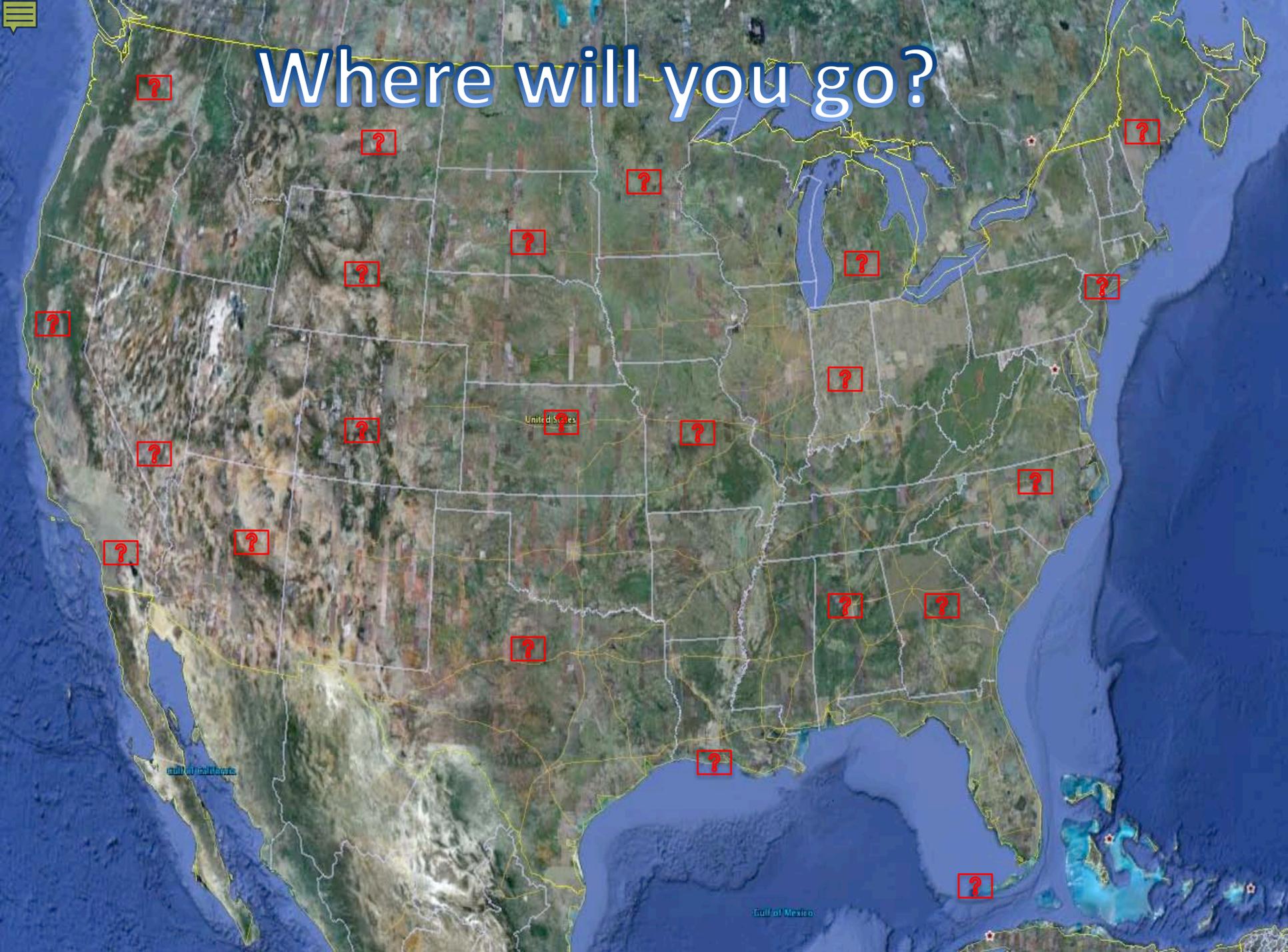
Congratulations! You have finally made it. You are the star you always wanted to be. However, the life of a rock star requires months on the road. Luckily you have plenty of money and a very nice 40' long Motor Home whose electricity is powered by solar panels. Life will change, and being successful means you can't always live at home. Your manager requires you to do the following things:

- For stability, you will live part of every year in Sheridan, Wyoming
- Since your performances take you to various parts of the country throughout the year, you must live in at least one other place, but you may only live in a maximum of 4 places throughout the year.
- Every place you live must have an average monthly sunlight of 100 watts/m² in order to run your needed electrical power for your home.

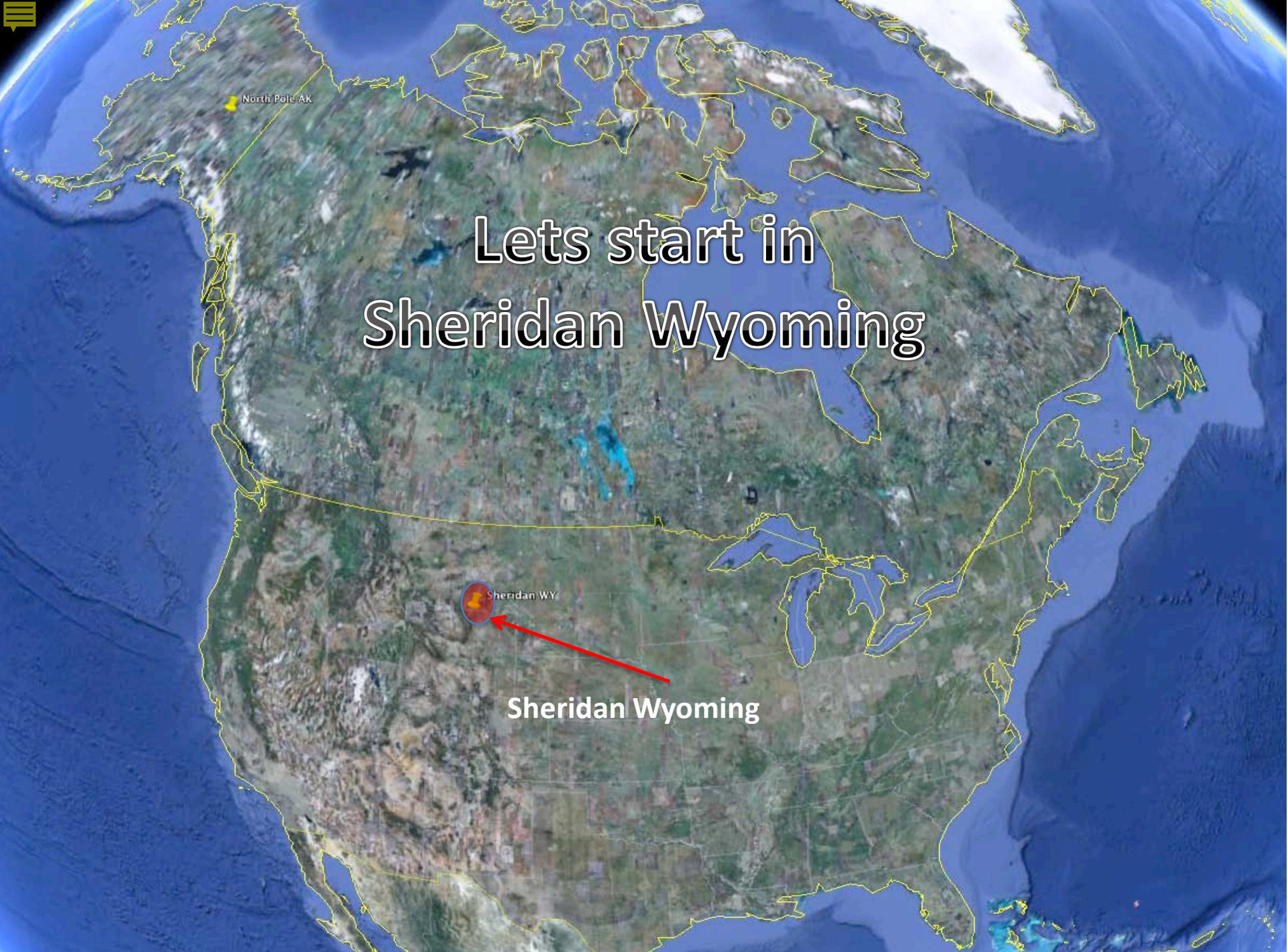


Solar Cells on the Move

Where will you go?



Example 1

A satellite-style map of North America with yellow outlines for state and national borders. The map shows terrain, water bodies, and some urban areas. A red circle with a red arrow points to a location in Wyoming. Text is overlaid on the map.

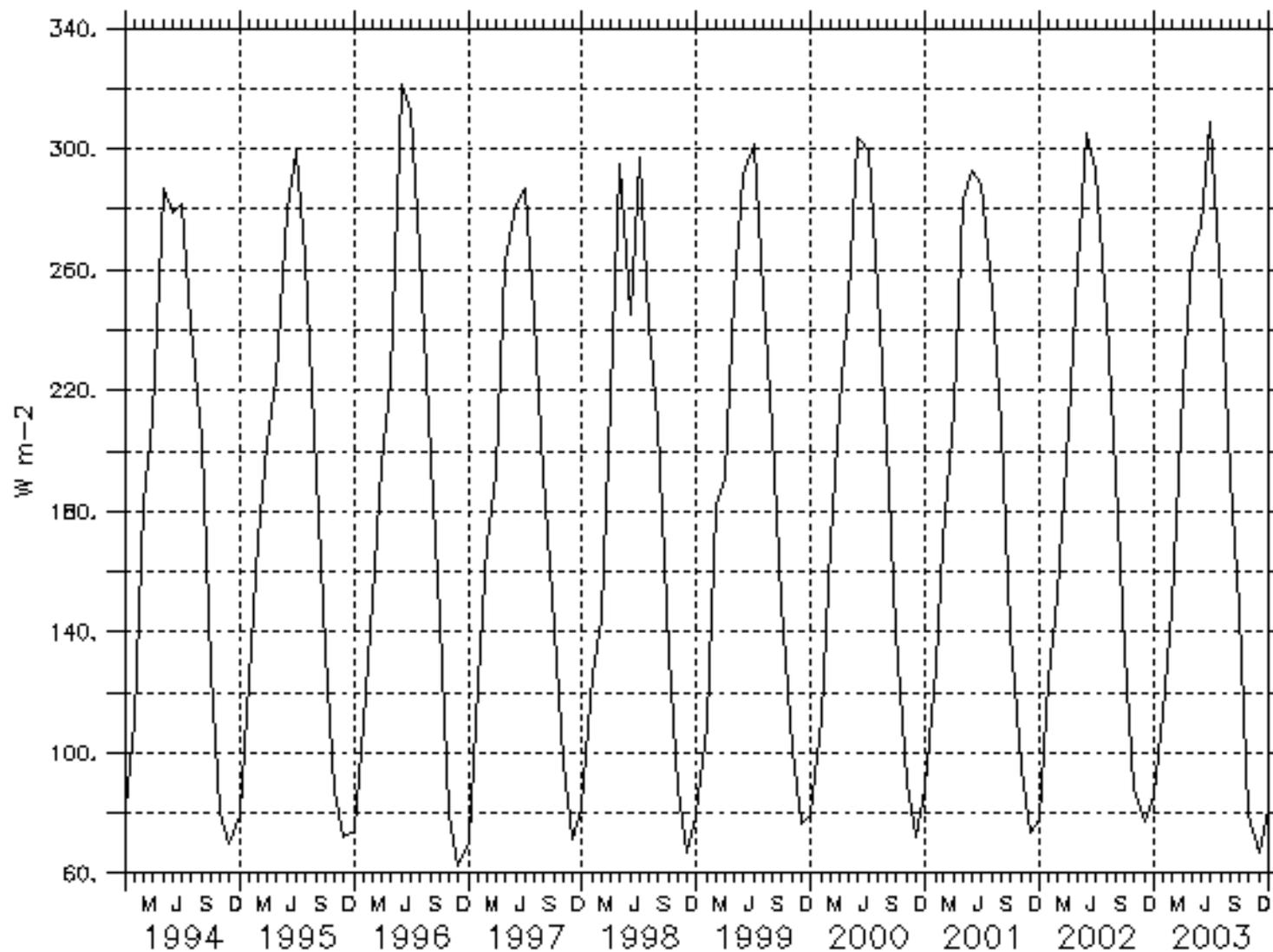
Lets start in
Sheridan Wyoming

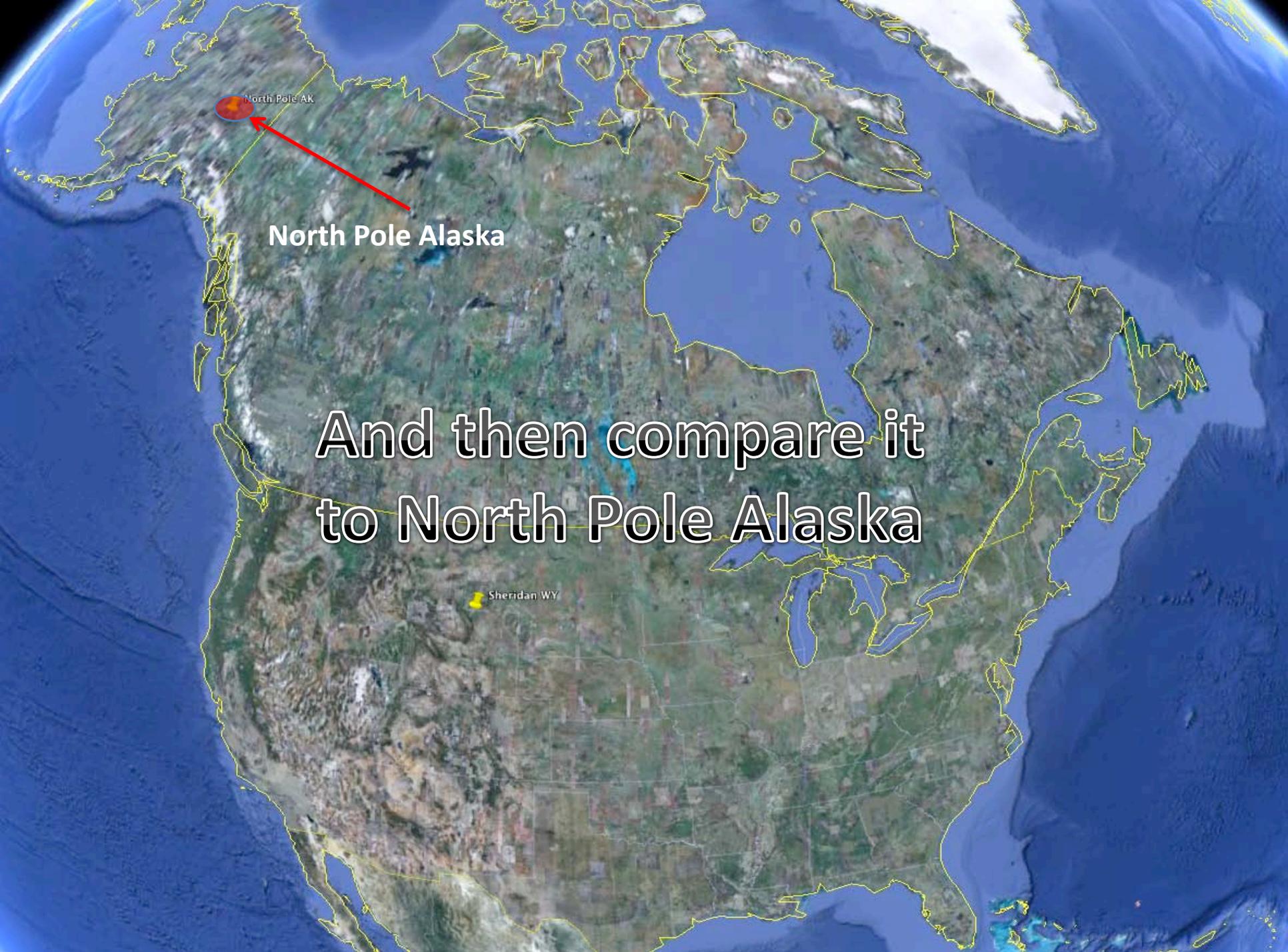
Sheridan WY

Sheridan Wyoming

Sheridan, Wyoming

DATA SET: arb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc

Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)



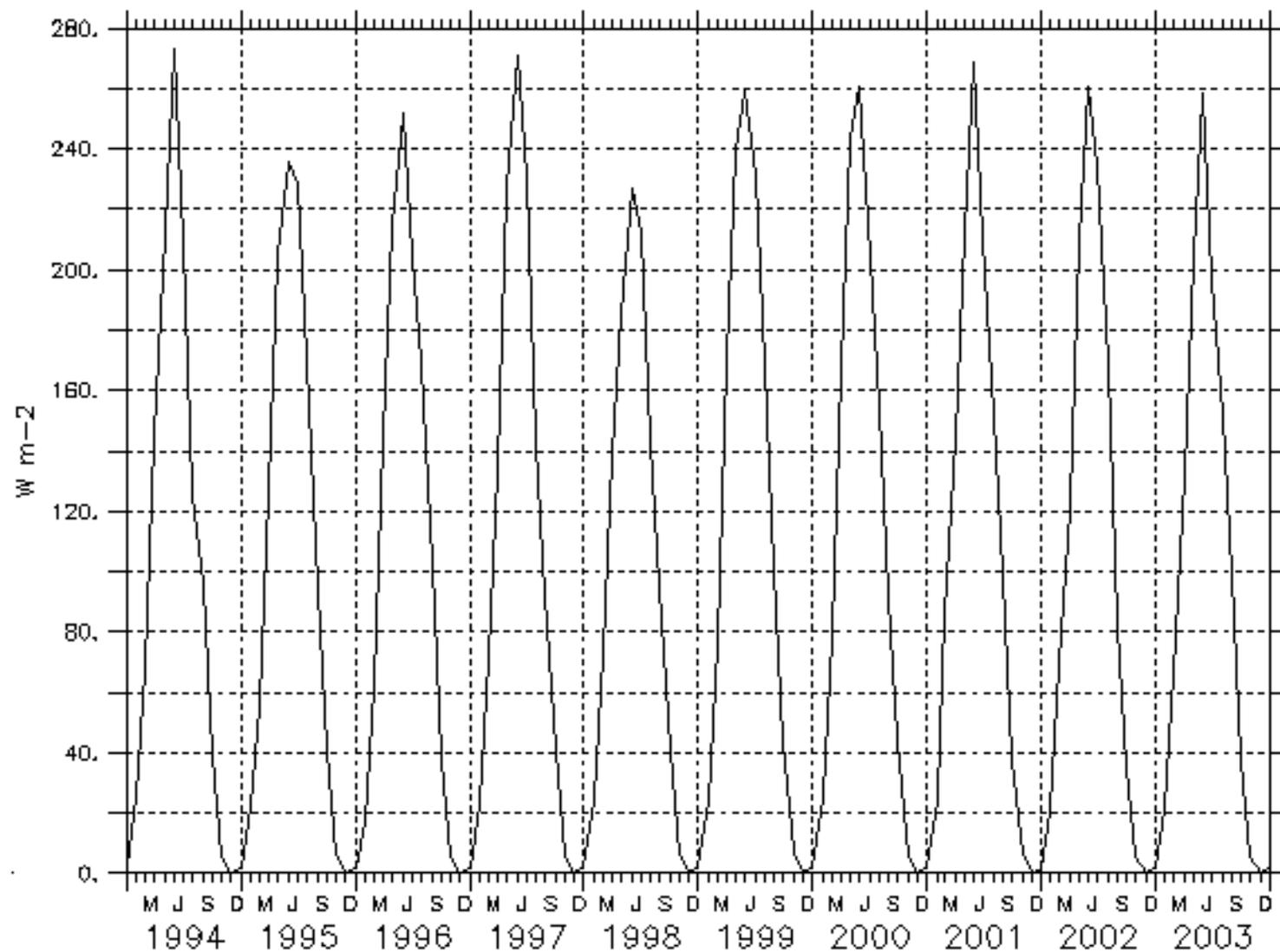
North Pole AK

North Pole Alaska

And then compare it
to North Pole Alaska

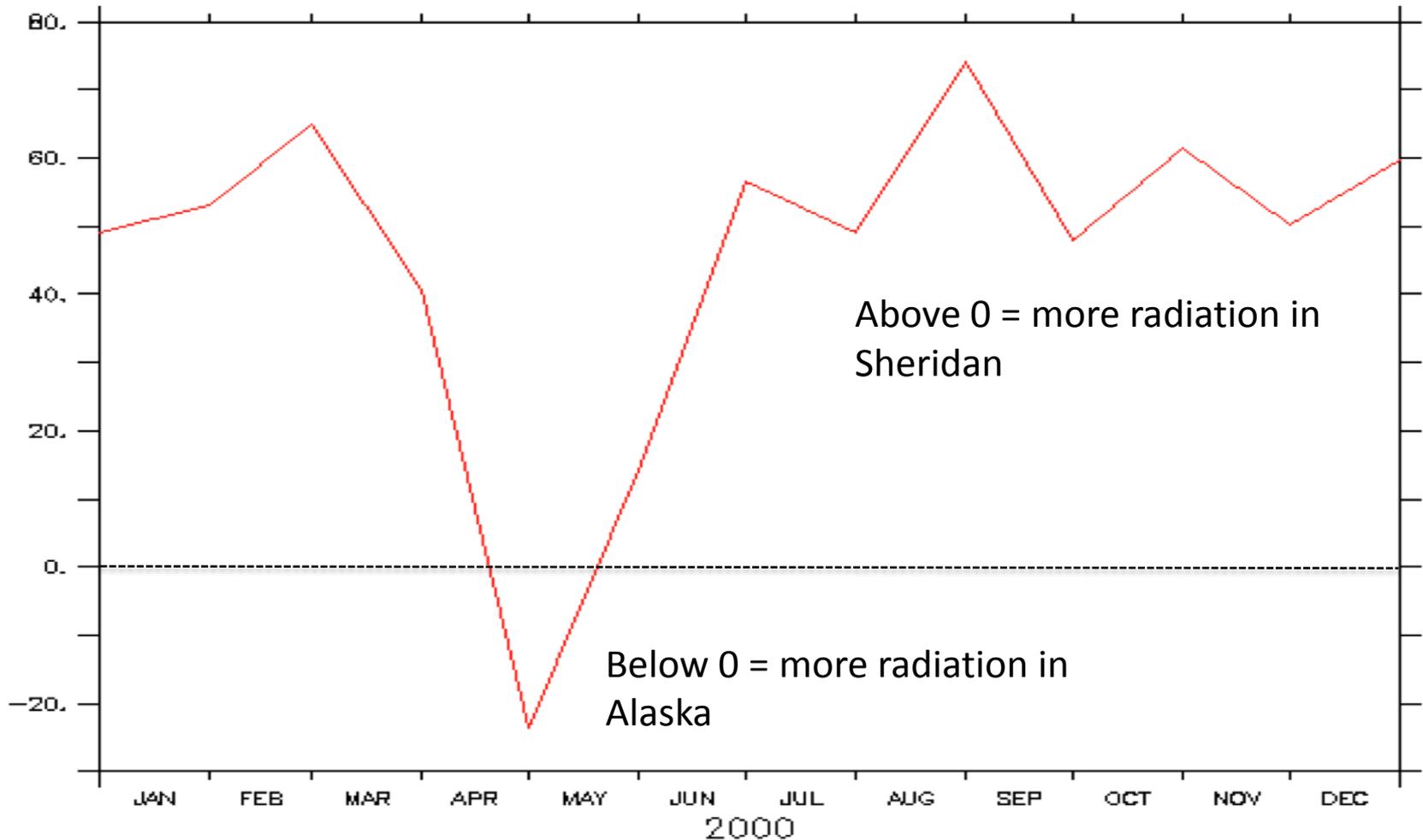
Sheridan WY

North Pole, Alaska

DATA SET: `srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc`Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)

Latitude(1): 45.0N Latitude(2): 61.0N
Longitude(1): -108.0E Longitude(2): -134.0E

Difference Plot of Wyoming and Alaska



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (Watts/m²) from
/usr/local/fer_data/data/mon26_sfc_as_sw_dn_8307-0412.nc(1)
- Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (Watts/m²) from
/usr/local/fer_data/data/mon26_sfc_as_sw_dn_8307-0412.nc(2)



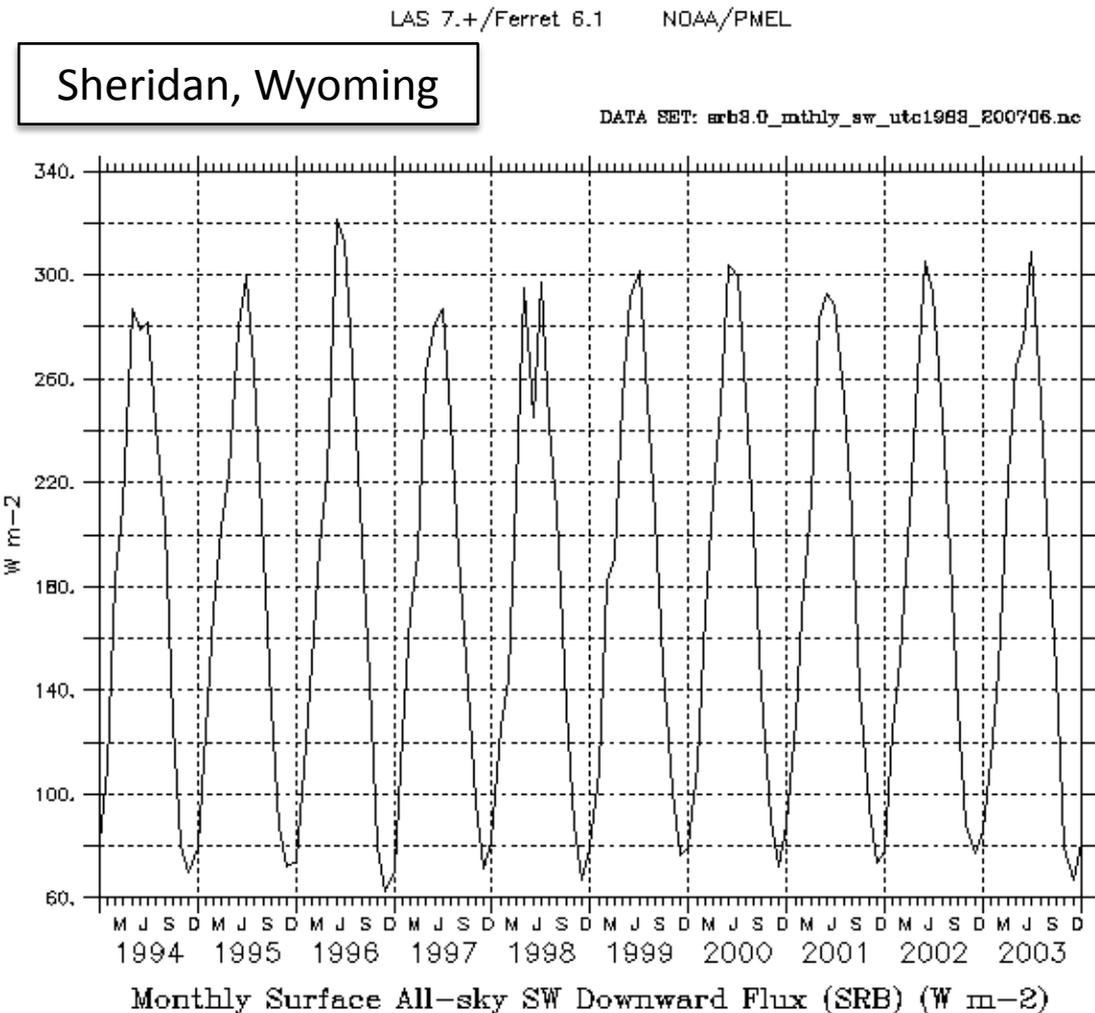
Questions from Part 1

- What did Sheridan look like over 10 years?
- What did Alaska look like over 10 years?
- Were there seasonal changes in both locations?
?
- What were the side scales in the overlay plot?
What were the units?

•What did Sheridan look like over 10 years?

•Were there seasonal changes in Sheridan?

•What were the side scales in the overlay plot? What were the units?

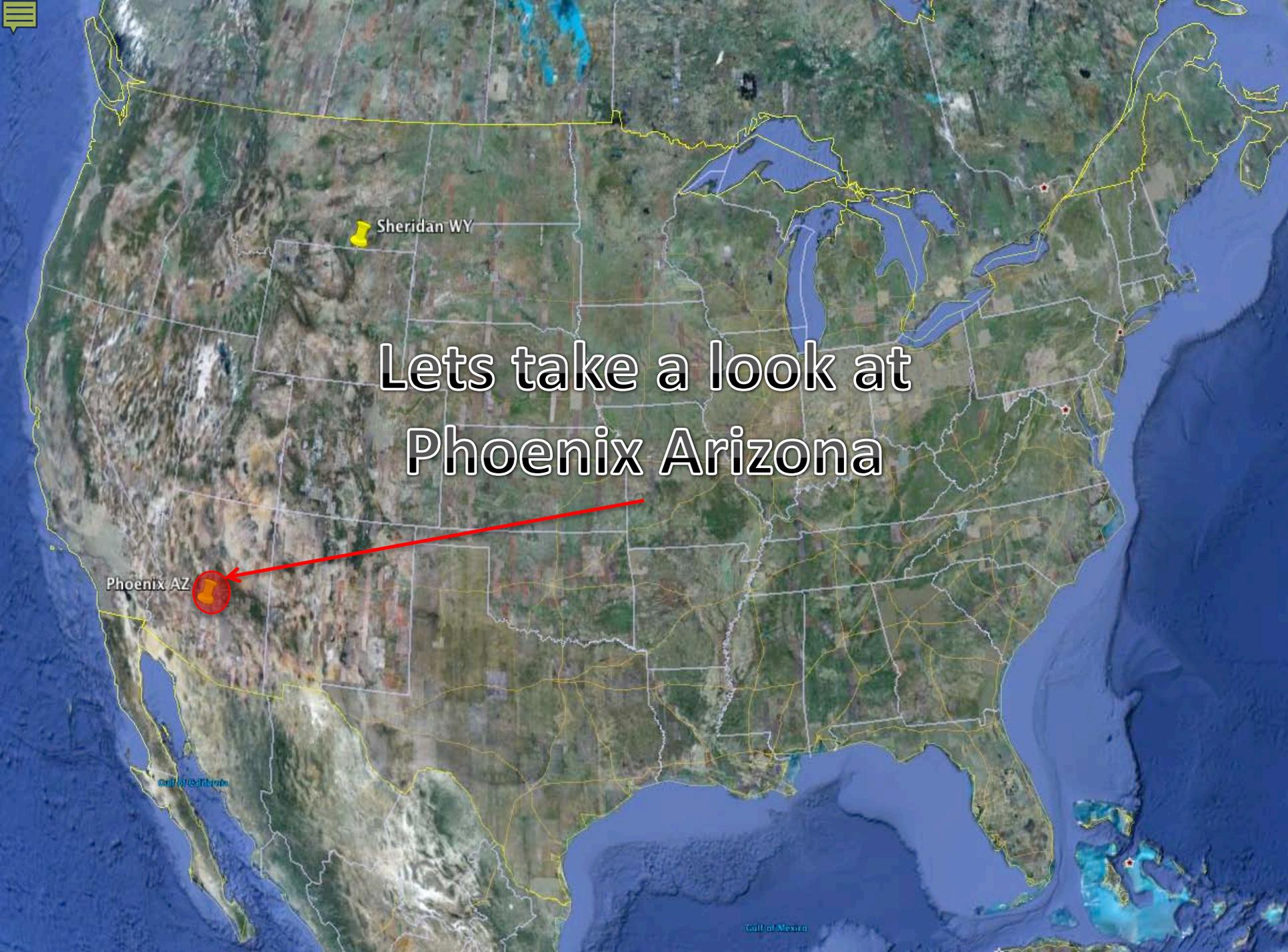


Example 2

Lets take a look at
Phoenix Arizona

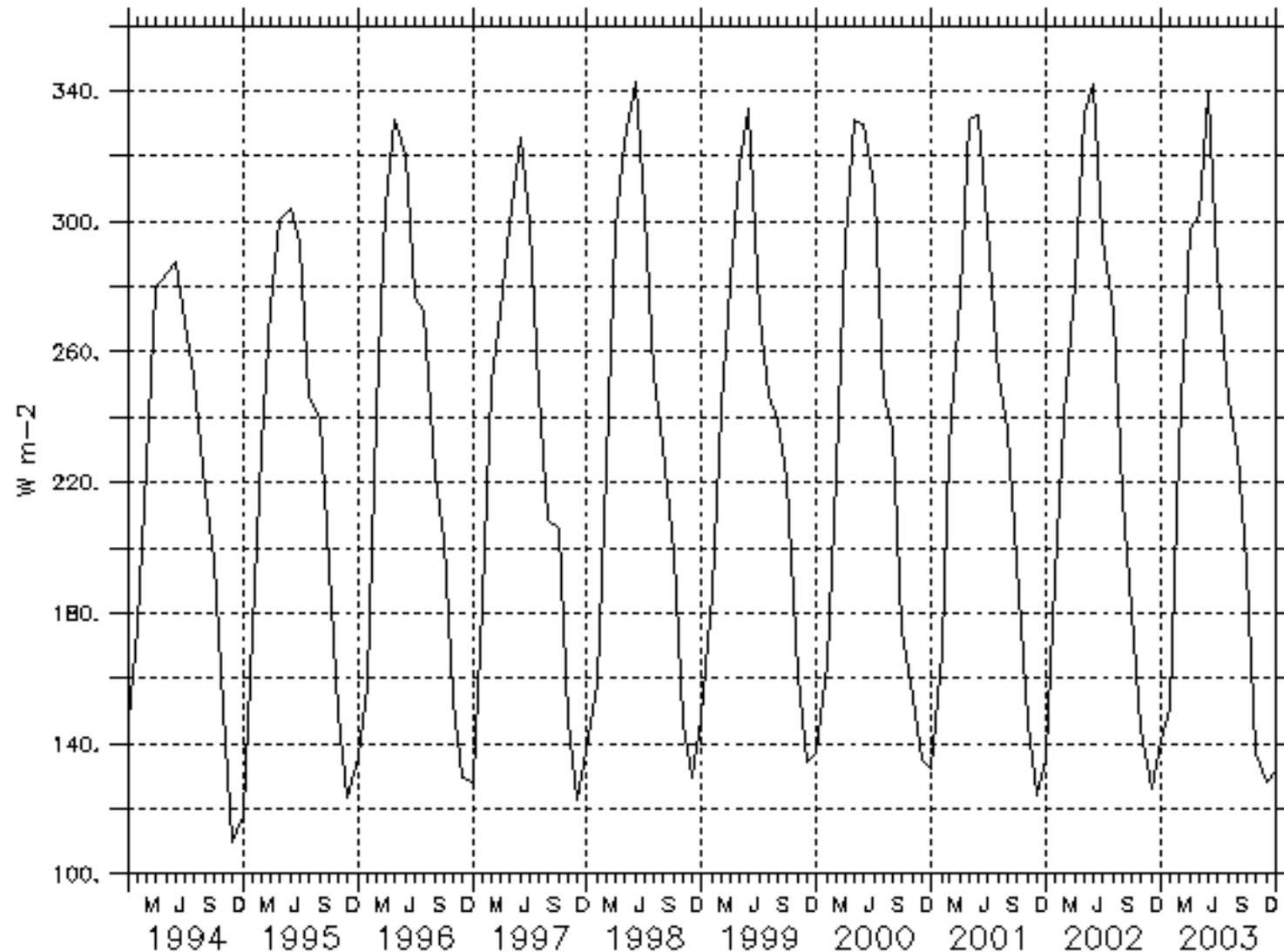
Sheridan WY

Phoenix AZ

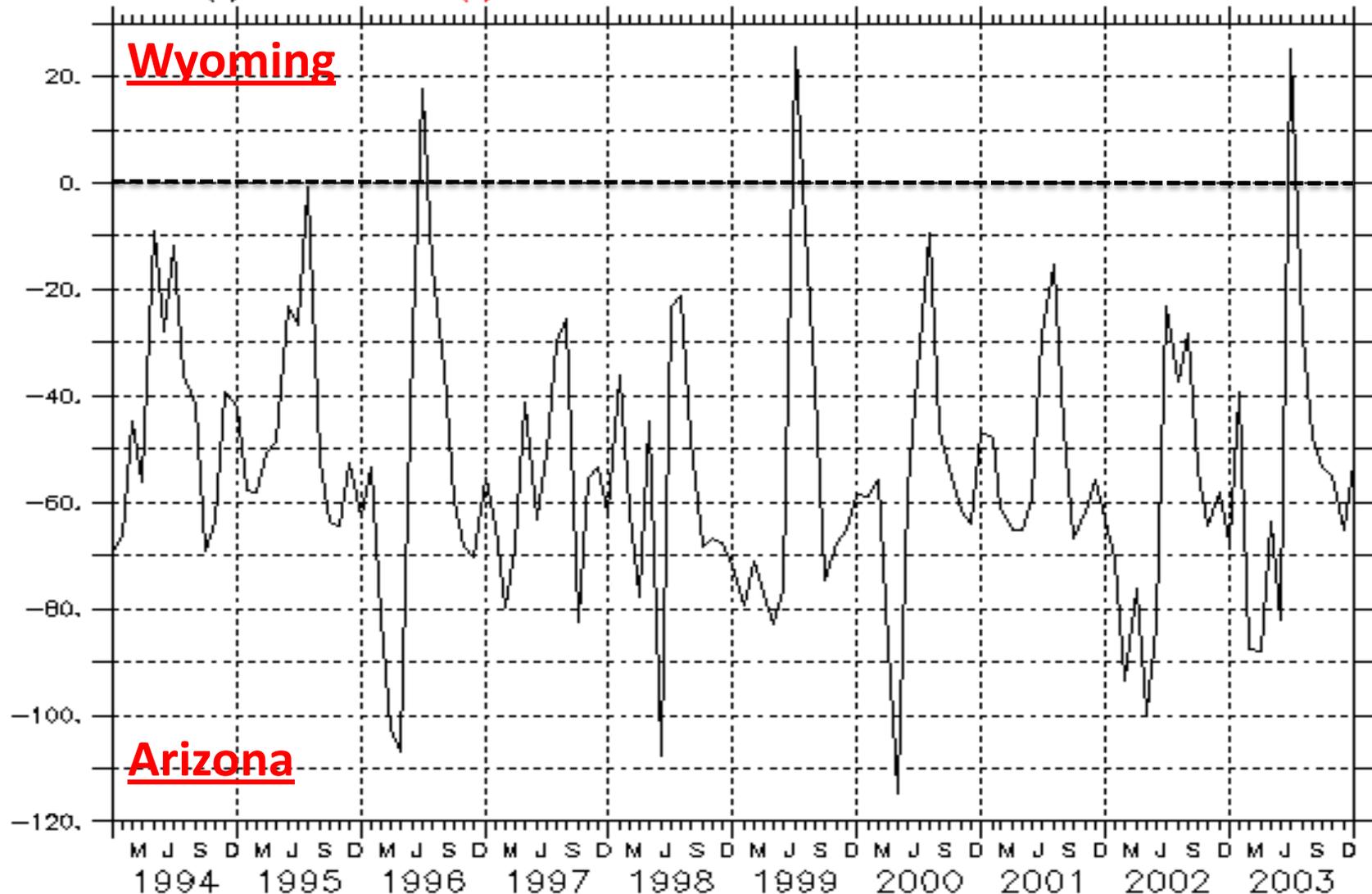


Phoenix, Arizona

DATA SET: erb8.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc

Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)

Longitude(1): -106.31 Longitude(2): 247.6721
Latitude(1): 44.8787 Latitude(2): 33.558





Questions about Arizona

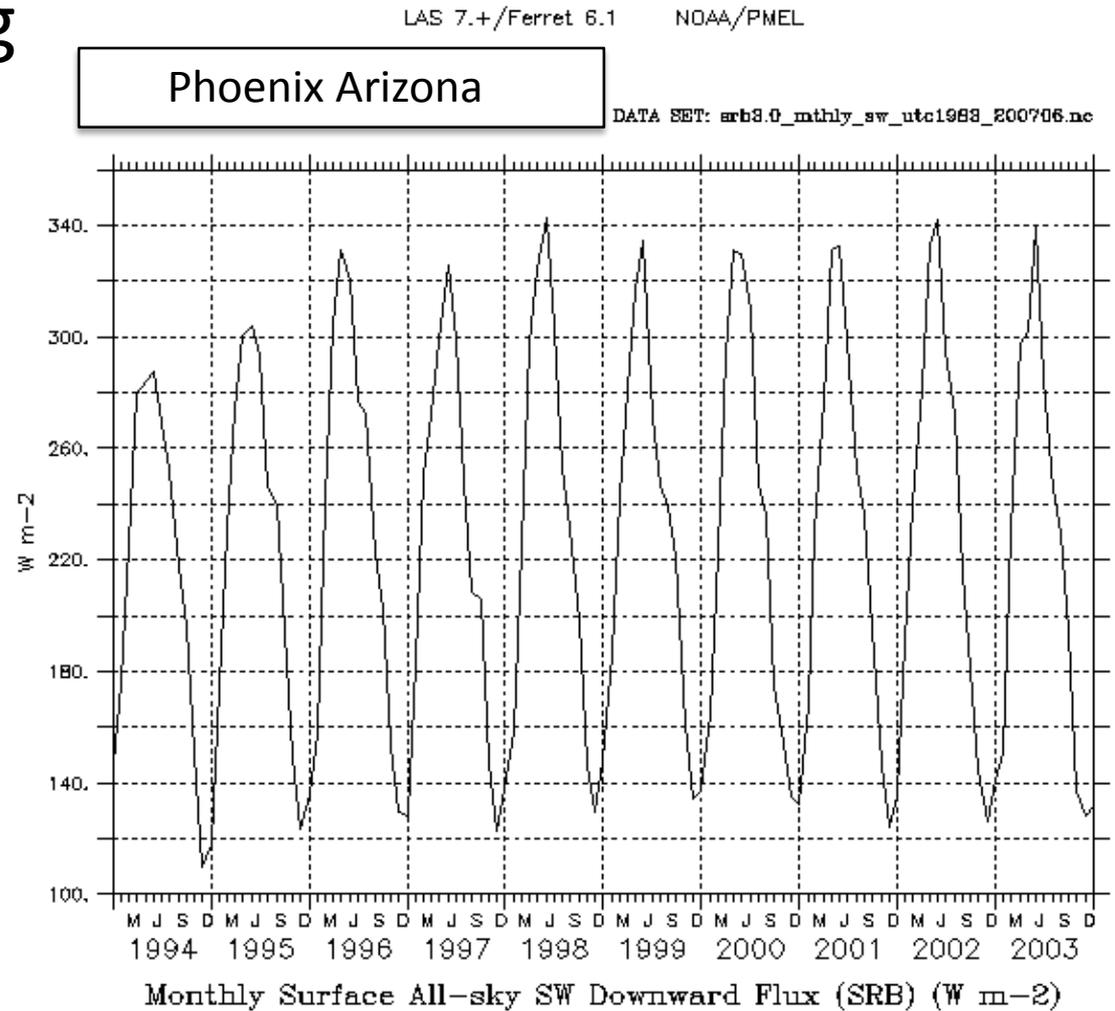
- What trends do you see for the long range?
- Can you find trends in the year?
- After looking at the difference plot, what can you conclude about the two locations?

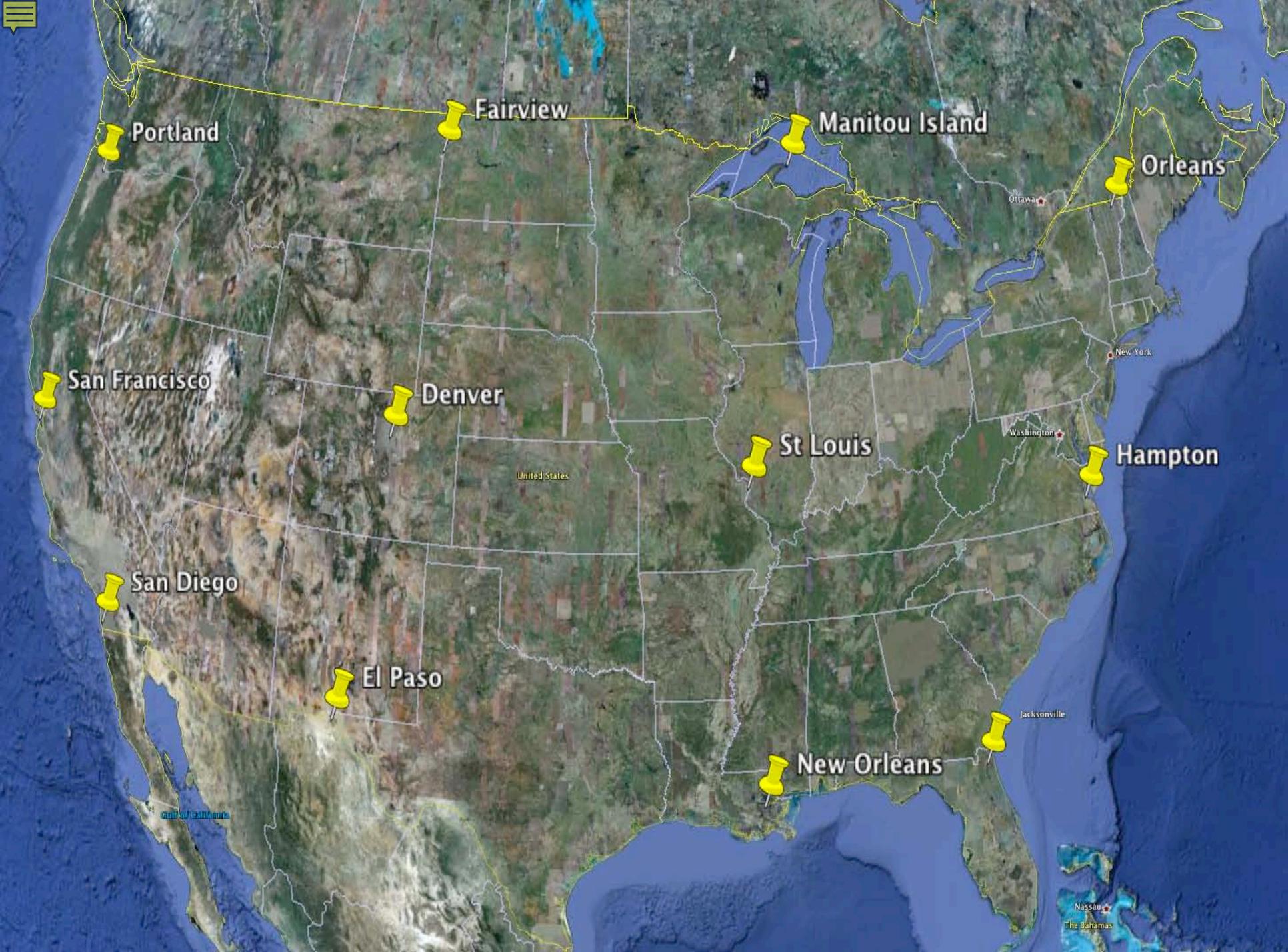


- What trends do you see for the long range?

- Can you find trends in the year?

- After looking at the difference plot, what can you conclude about the two locations?





Portland

Fairview

Manitou Island

Orleans

San Francisco

Denver

St Louis

Hampton

San Diego

El Paso

New Orleans

Jacksonville

United States

Ottawa

New York

Washington

Nassau
The Bahamas

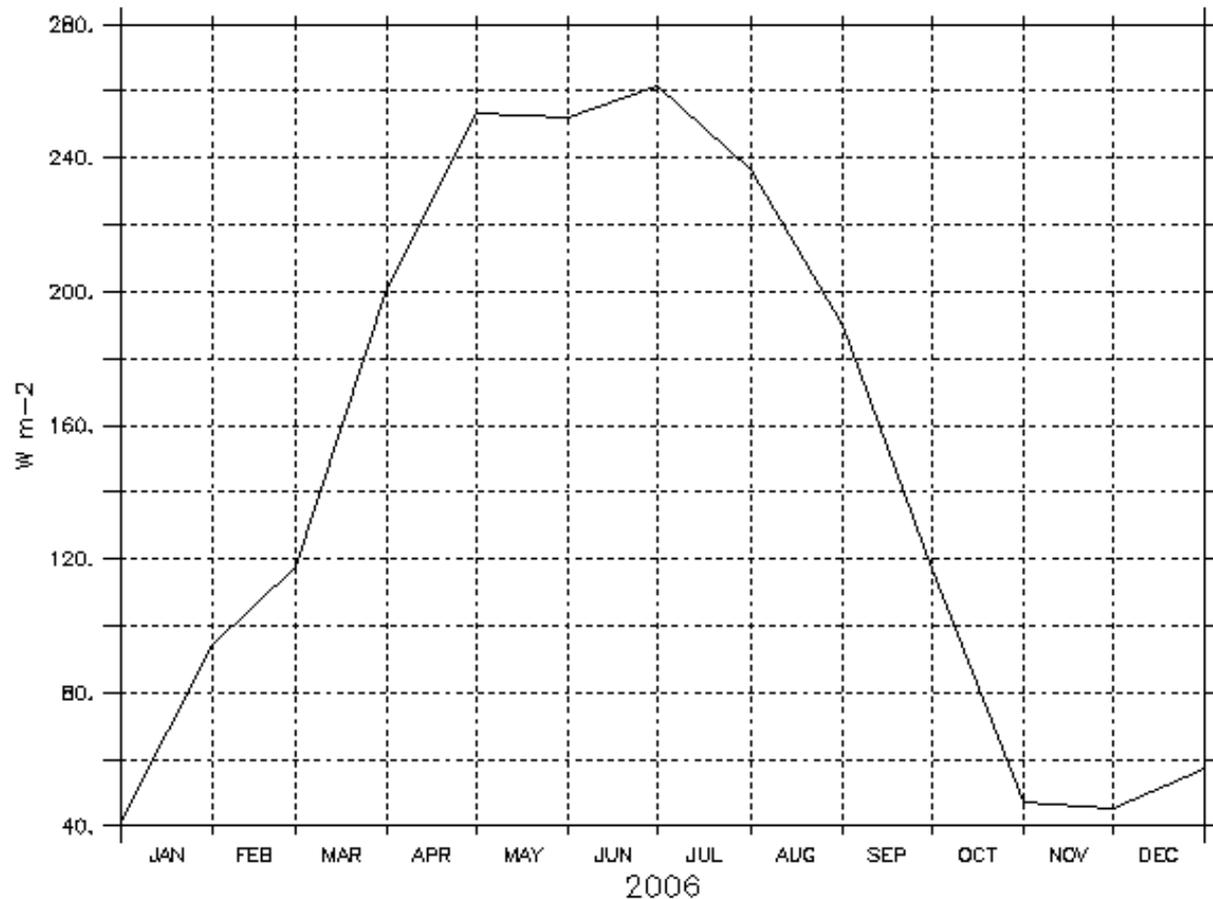


LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.62 NOAA/PMEL

LONGITUDE : 122.5W(-122.5)

LATITUDE : 45.5N

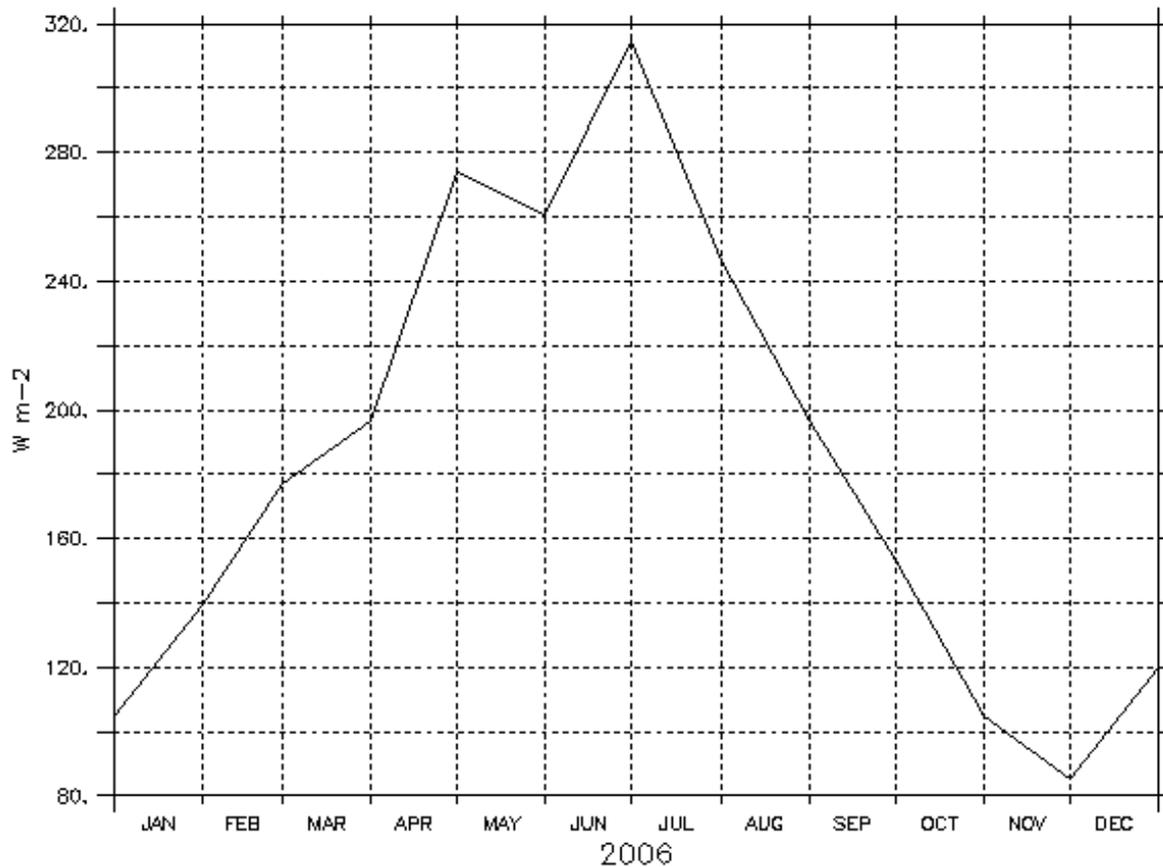
DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRB3.08W/srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)

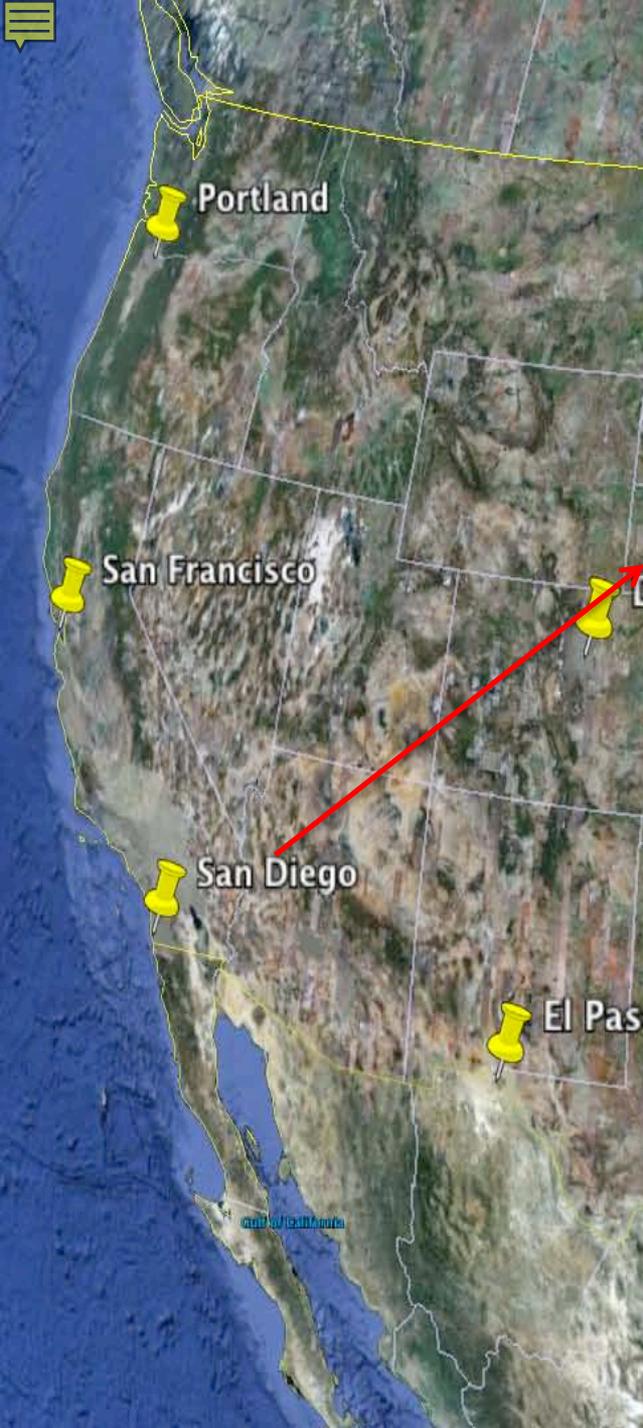
LONGITUDE : 122.5W(-122.5)
LATITUDE : 37.5N

DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRBS.DSW/srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)

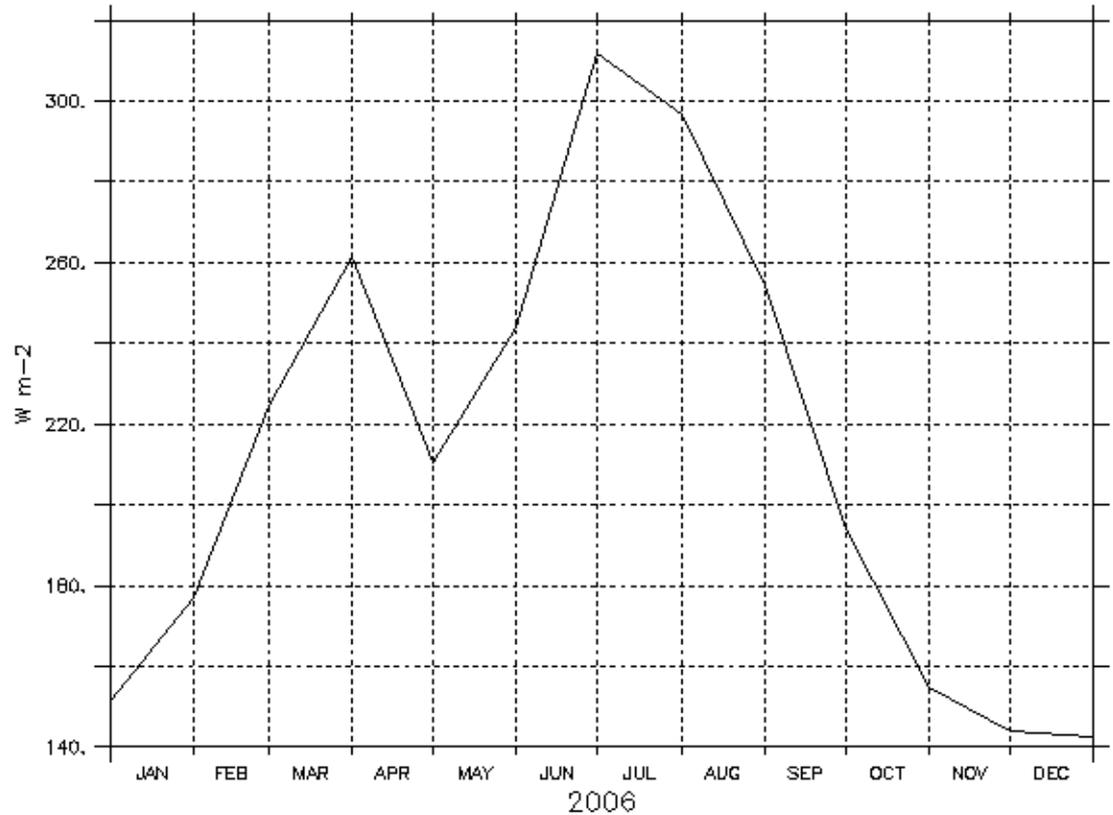




LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.62 NOAA/PMEL

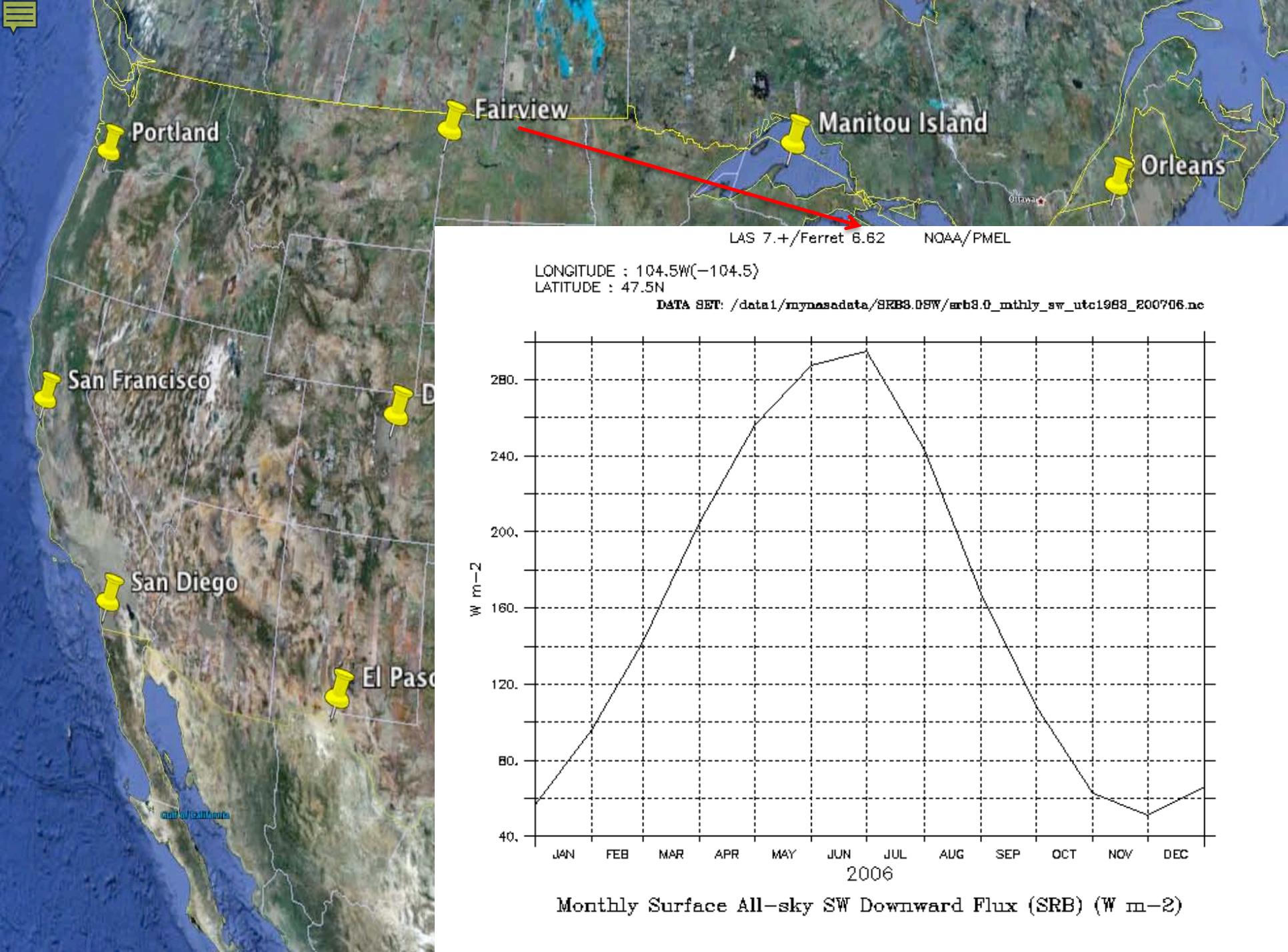
LONGITUDE : 117.5W(-117.5)
LATITUDE : 32.5N

DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRB3.DSW/srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)

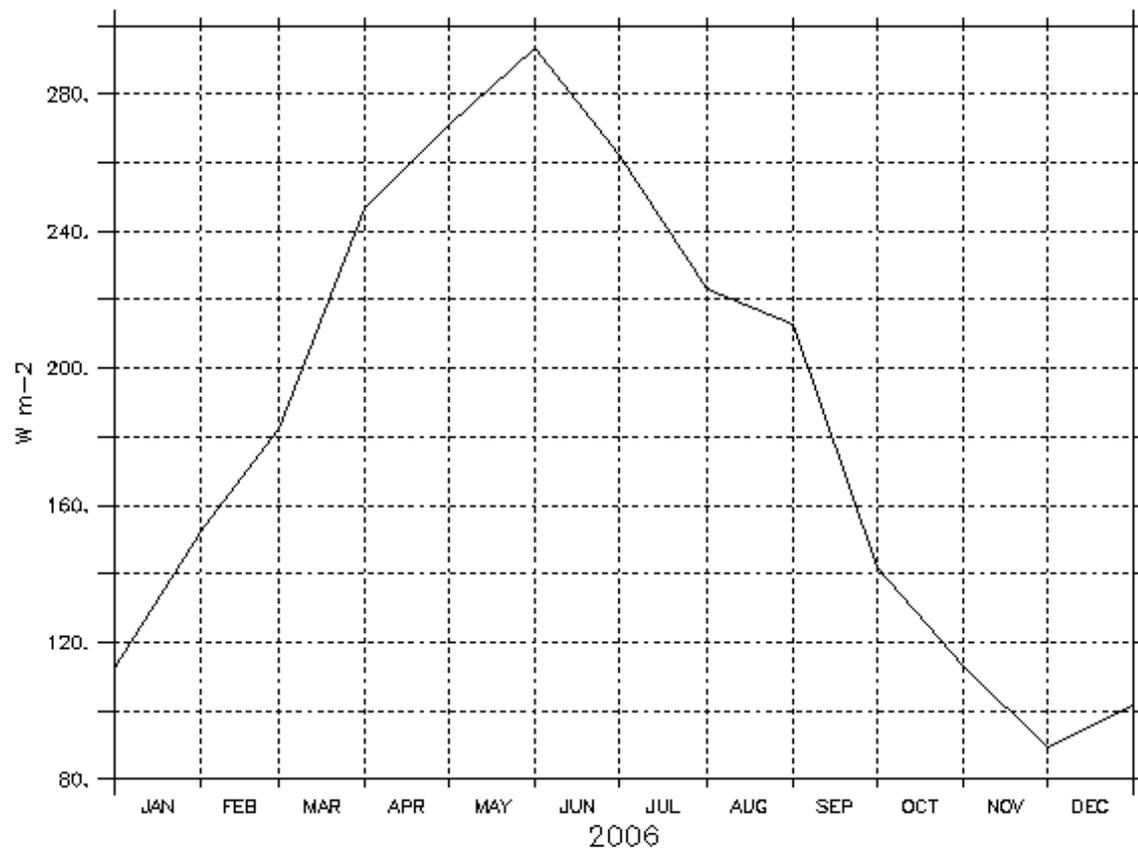




LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.62 NOAA/PMEL

Denver CO

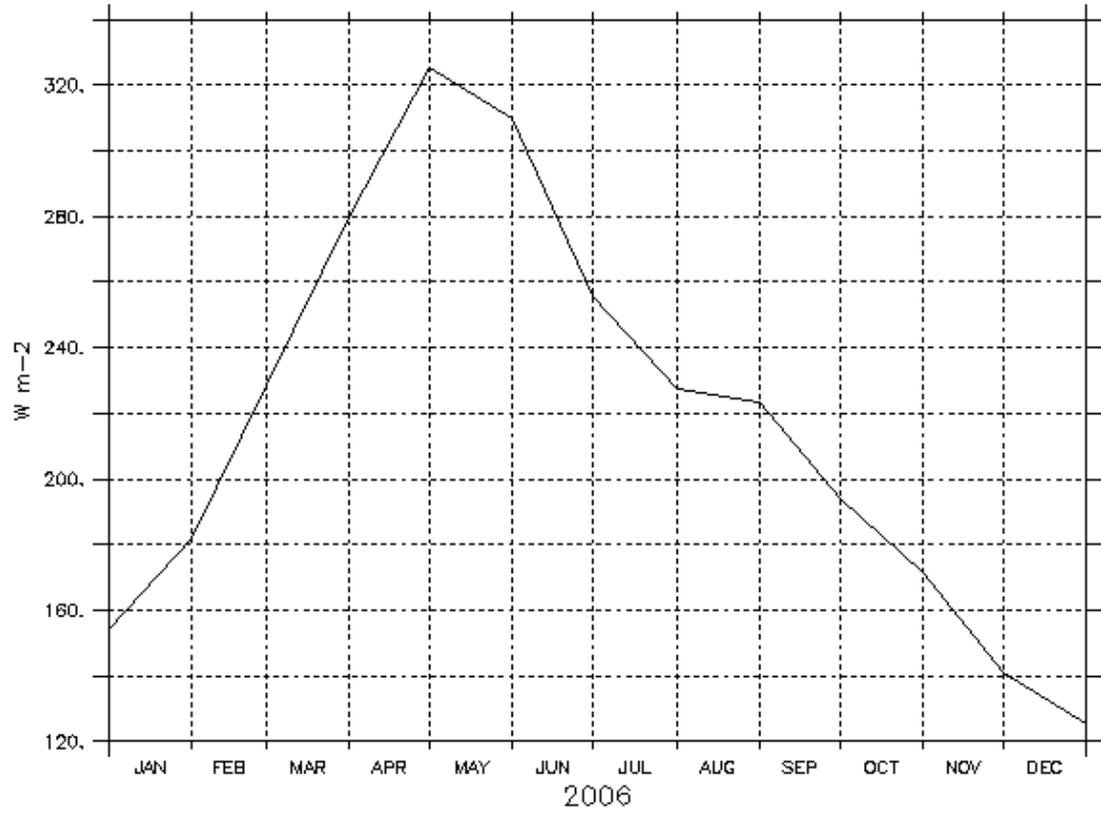
DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRB3.0SW/arb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1983_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)

LONGITUDE : 106.5W(-106.5)
LATITUDE : 31.5N

DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRB3.0SW/srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)



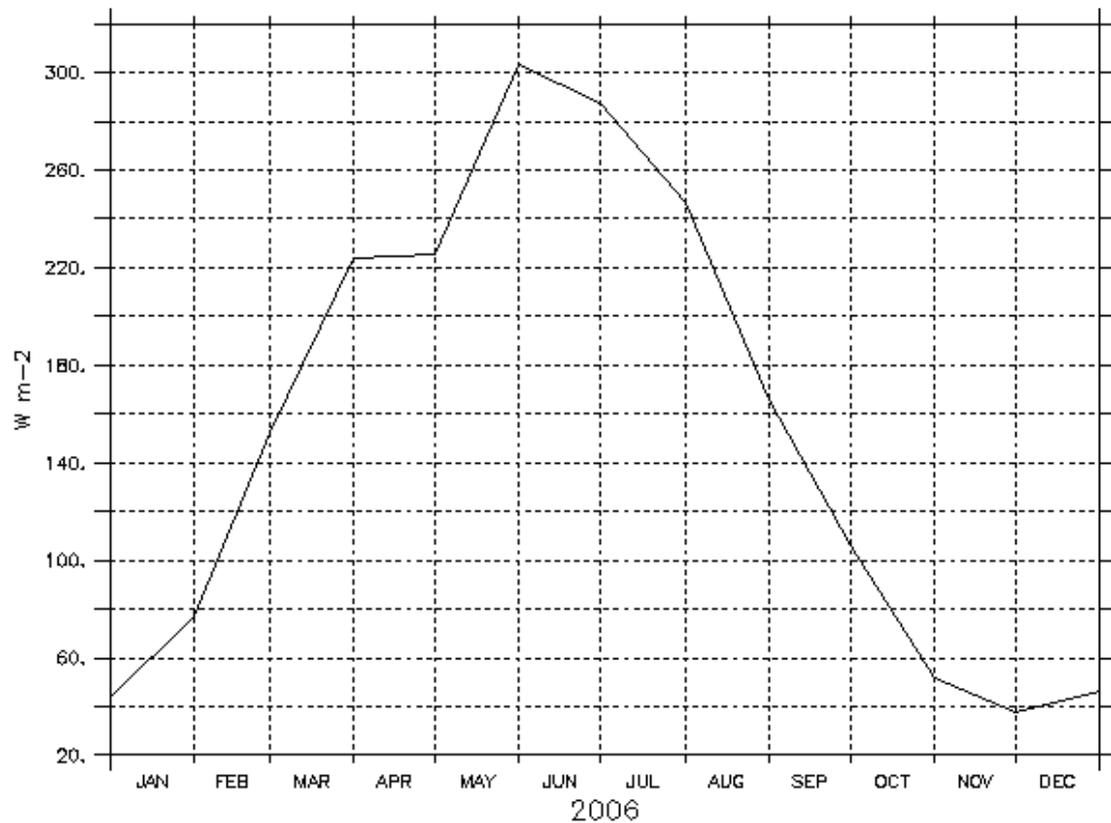


LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.62 NOAA/PMEL

LONGITUDE : 87.5W(-87.5)

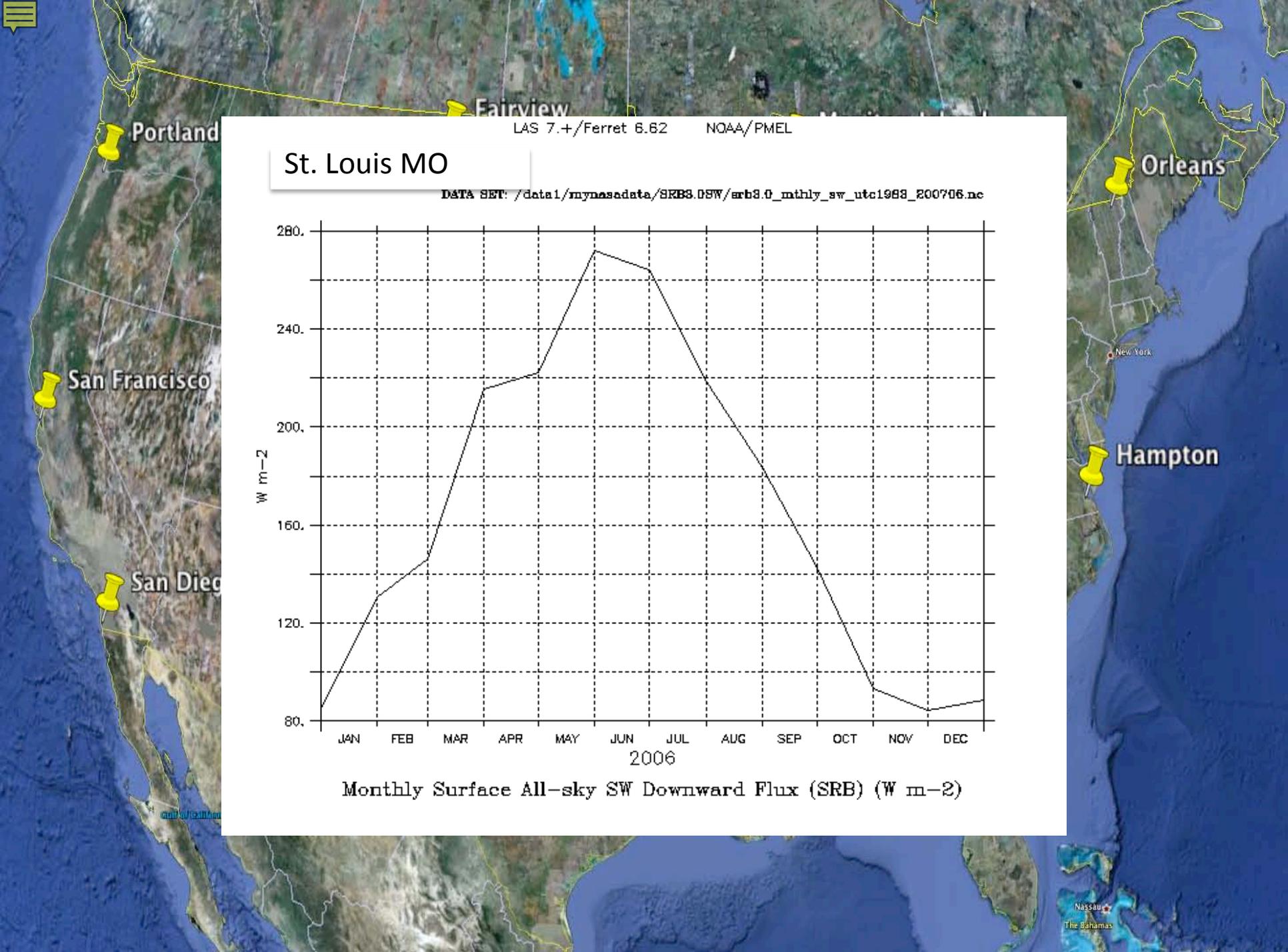
LATITUDE : 47.5N

DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/8RB8.DSW/8rb8.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) ($W m^{-2}$)

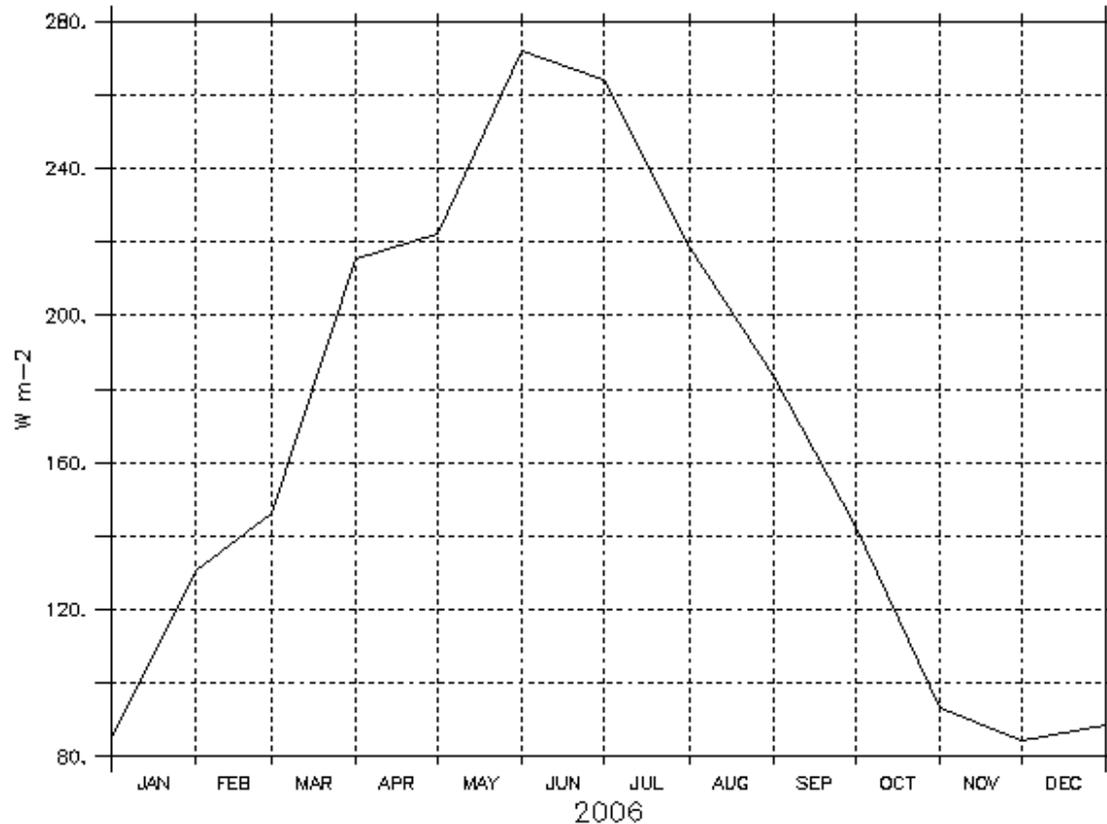




St. Louis MO

LAS 7.+/Ferret 6.62 NOAA/PMEL

DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRB3.0SW/srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



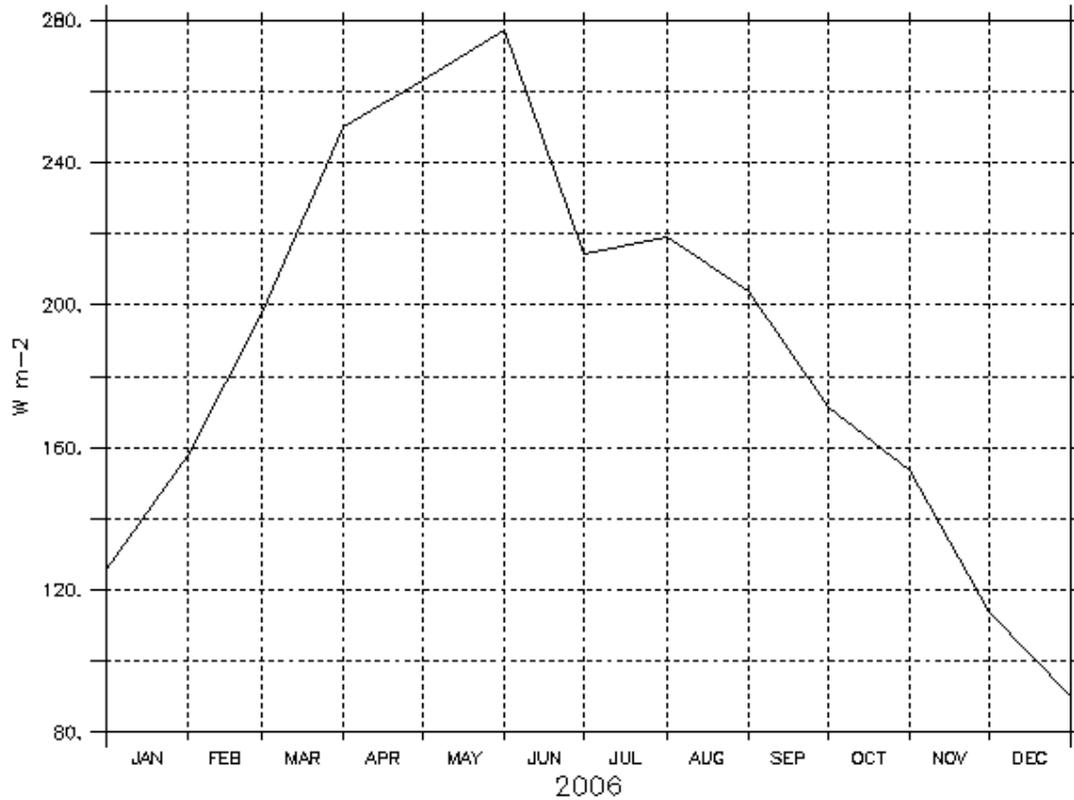
Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)

LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.62 NOAA/PMEL

LONGITUDE : 90.5W(-90.5)

LATITUDE : 29.5N

DATA SET: /data1/mynasadata/SRBS.0SW/srb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)

Attou Island

Orleans

Hampton

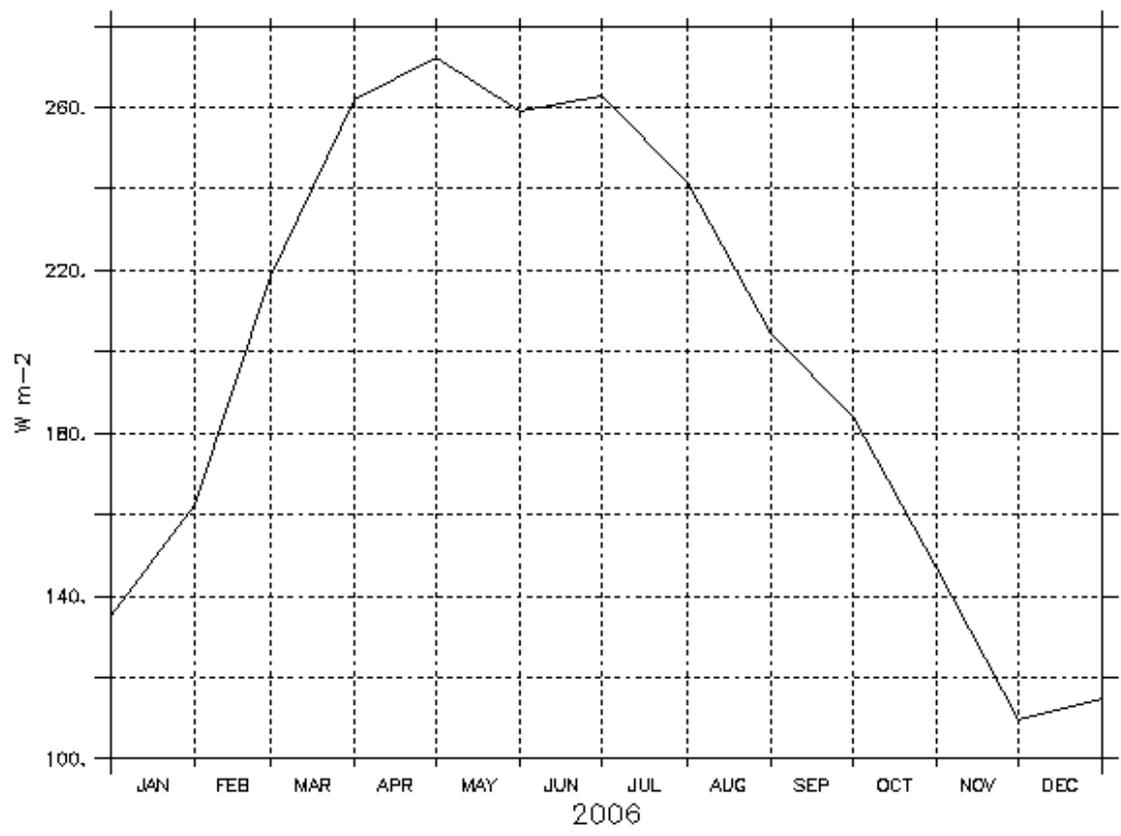
New Orleans

Jacksonville

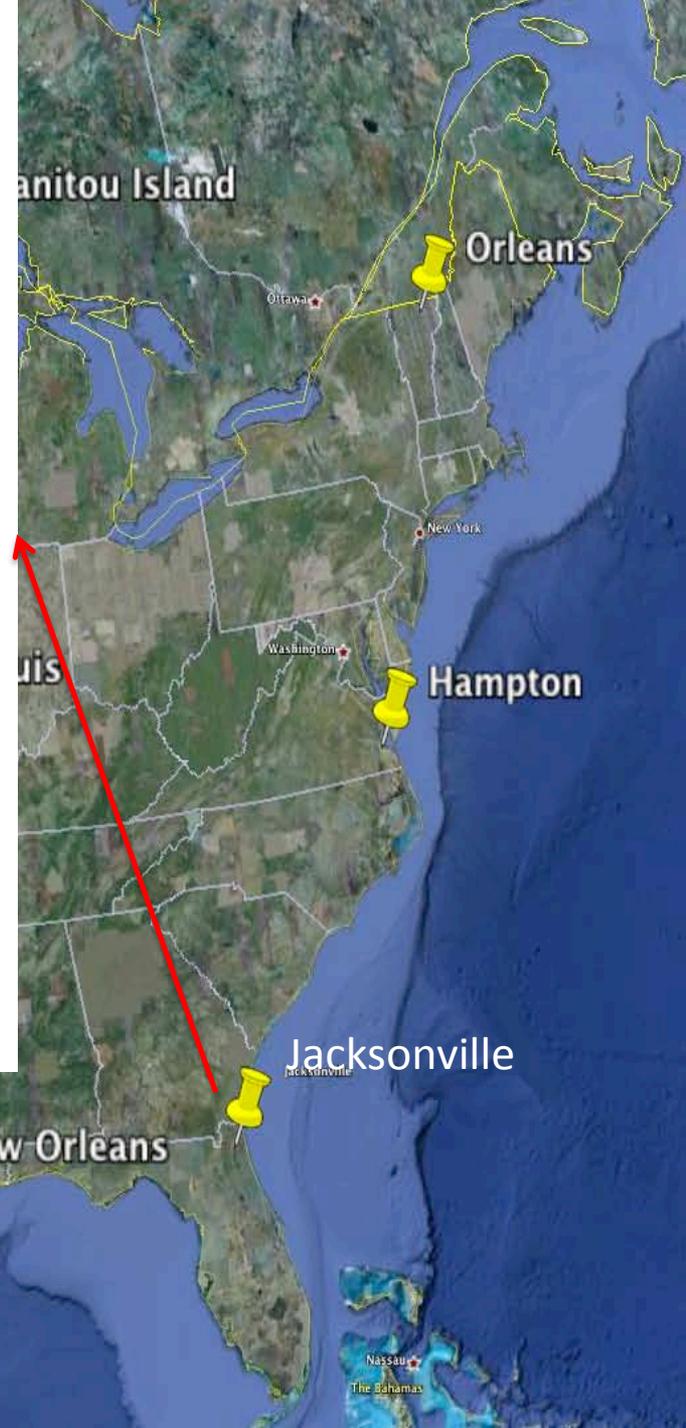
Nassau
The Bahamas

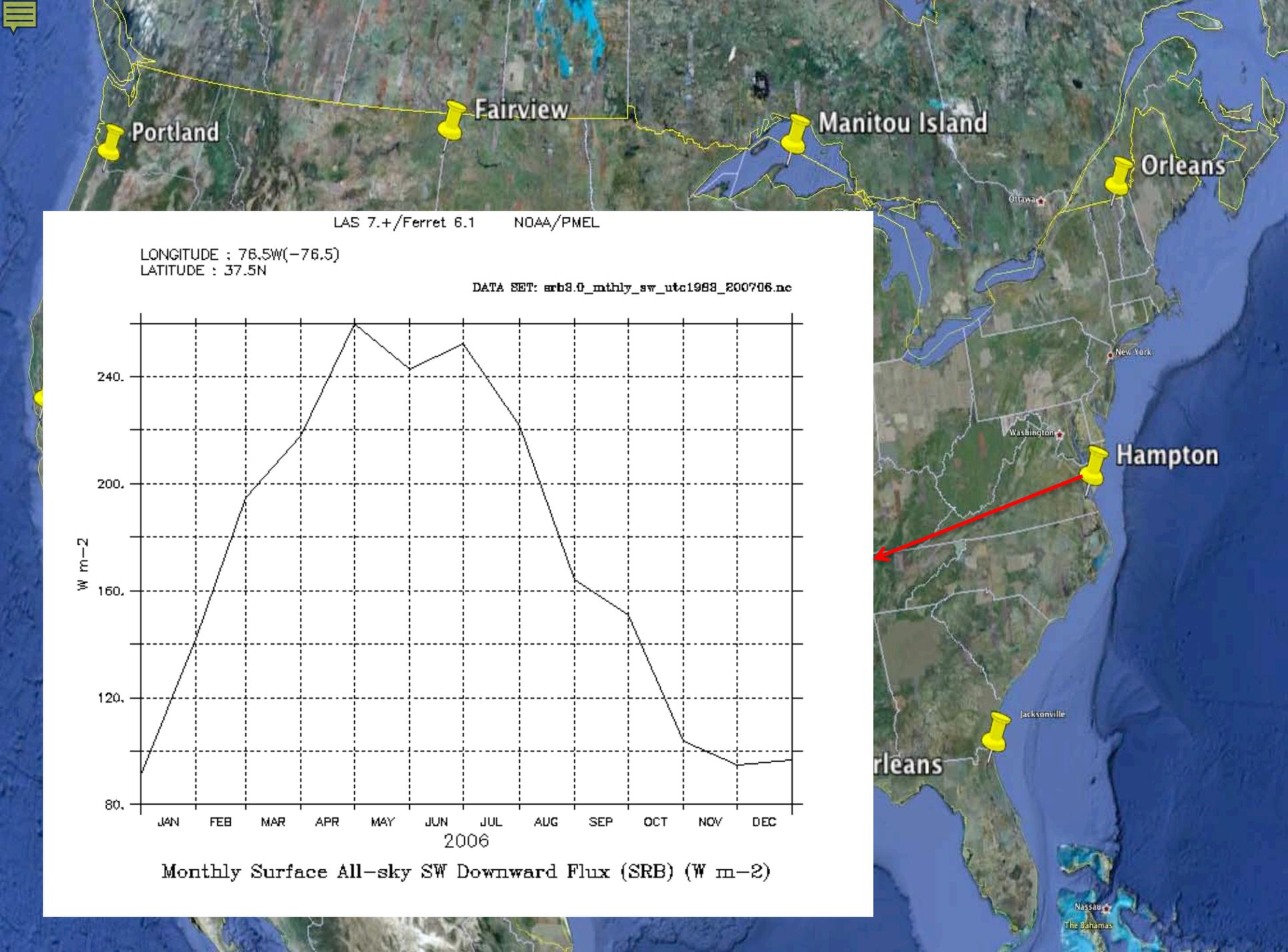
LONGITUDE : 81.5W(-81.5)
LATITUDE : 30.5N

DATA SET: `srb8.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc`



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)

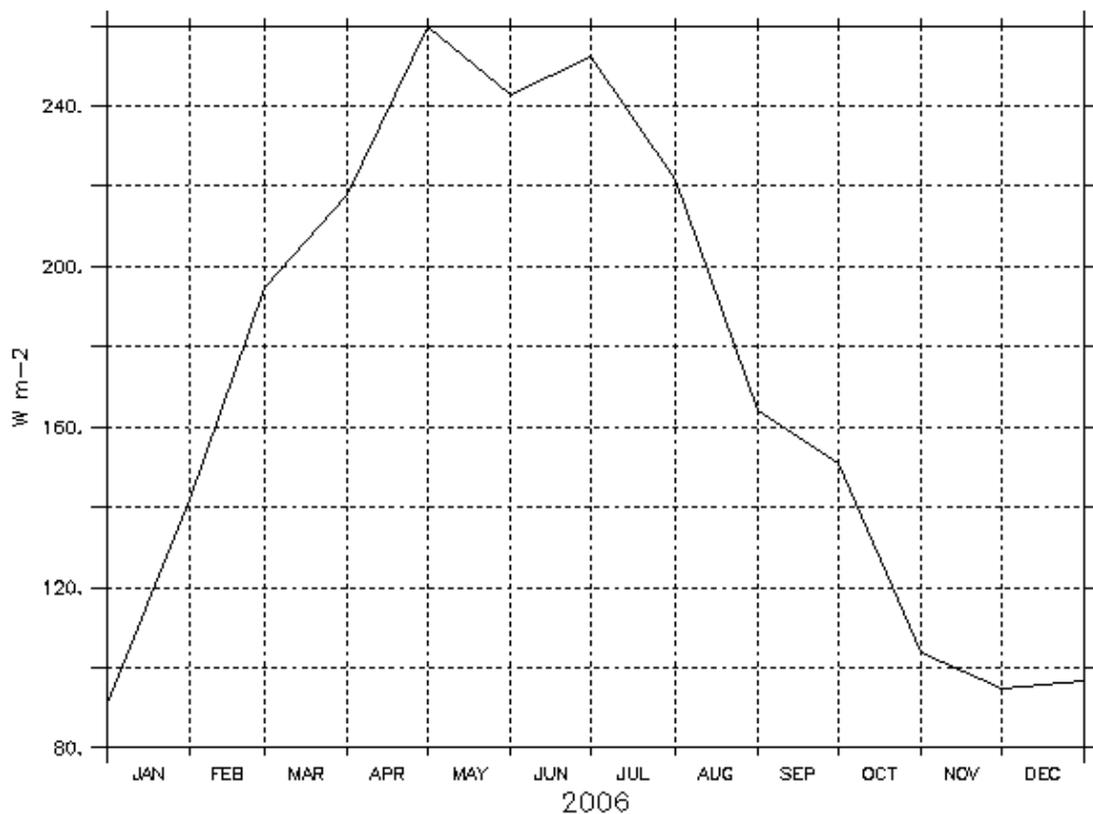




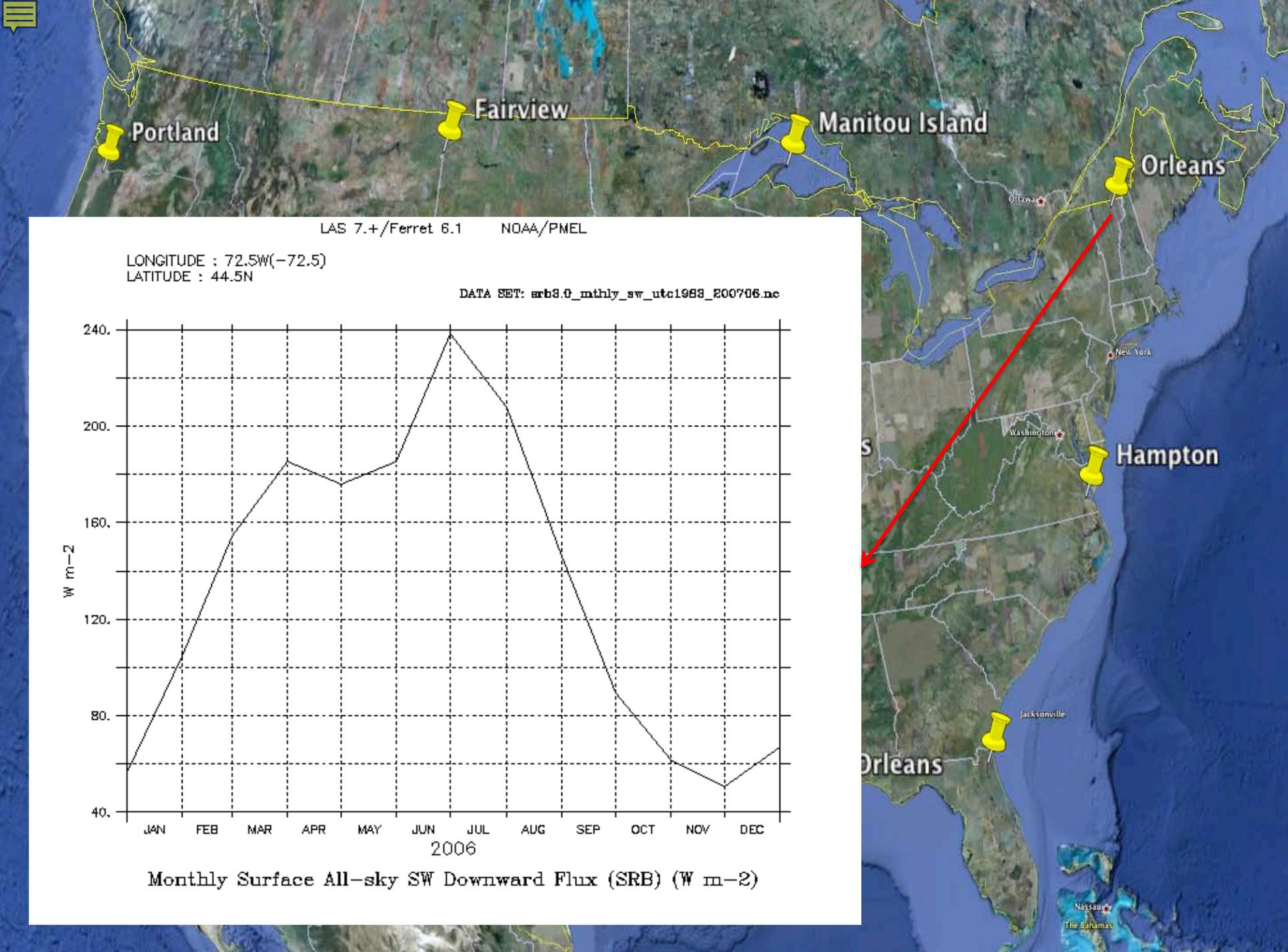
LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.1 NOAA/PMEL

LONGITUDE : 76.5W(-76.5)
LATITUDE : 37.5N

DATA SET: erb3.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)

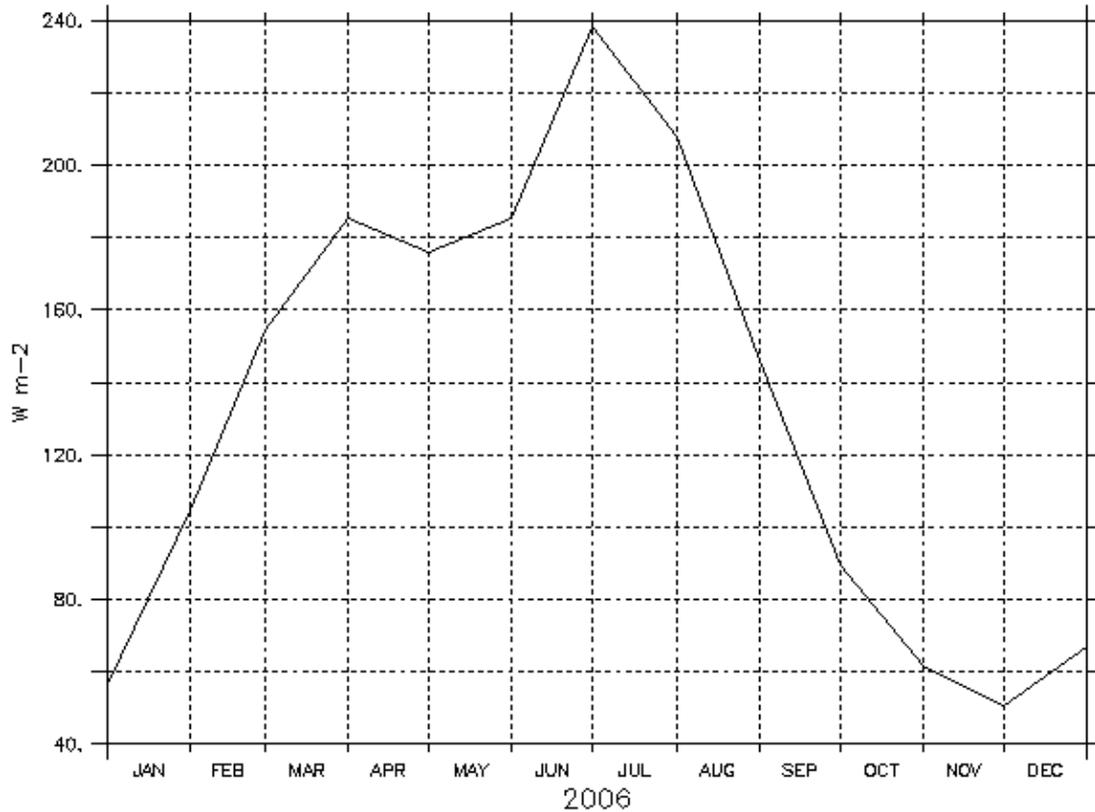


LAS 7.+ / Ferret 6.1 NOAA/PMEL

LONGITUDE : 72.5W(-72.5)

LATITUDE : 44.5N

DATA SET: arb8.0_mthly_sw_utc1988_200706.nc



Monthly Surface All-sky SW Downward Flux (SRB) (W m⁻²)

A Quick Wrap-up

We learned:

1. What solar cells are, and applications for them.
2. That locations differ in the amounts of radiation received, depending on where they live in the US.
3. How to read and use a time series and difference plot.
4. Locations you could live to receive enough radiation to support an RV through out the year.

**Are there any
Questions?**

For more information on how you can use real NASA satellite data – for lesson plans, science project ideas and much more – visit the MY NASA DATA website:

<http://mynasadata.larc.nasa.gov/>